Financial Statements as of December 31, 2021

Together with Independent Auditor's Reports



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 15, 2022

To the Board of Directors of Albany County Land Bank Corporation

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Albany County Land Bank Corporation (Land Bank), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York, (County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Land Bank's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Land Bank, as of December 31, 2021, and the changes in financial position, and, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Land Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Land Bank's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Land Bank's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Land Bank's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2022 on our consideration of the Land Bank's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Land Bank's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Land Bank's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) December 31, 2021

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Land Bank's financial performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The section is a summary of the Land Bank's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Land Bank's financial statements which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The Land Bank's net position decreased \$757,320 this year. Much of this decrease is attributable to a decrease in sales of properties of approximately \$1.2 million and a decrease in fees and other revenues of approximately \$106,000. These revenue decreases were partially offset by a decrease in the cost of sales of approximately \$323,000 and nonoperating revenue related to forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program loans of approximately \$200,000. Contributions of donated property also decreased approximately \$277,000 compared to 2020.
- Property held for sale was valued at approximately \$5.1 million as of December 31, 2021.
- The Land Bank received grant funds that constituted 40% of its revenue and at the present time, the Land Bank's continued viability is reliant on these grants.

Overview of Financial Statements

The Land Bank had bank balances of \$4,986,417 at December 31, 2021 all of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The basic financial statements include the statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and change in net position, statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements.

The first of these statements is the statement of net position. This is the statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the Land Bank's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Land Bank as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the Land Bank must include other non-financial factors such as the economic picture of the City, County and the State, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second statement is the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, which reports how the Land Bank's net position changed during the current and previous fiscal year. Revenues and expenses are included when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The third statement is the statement of cash flows, which shows the sources and uses of cash.

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Below is a summary of the statements of net position and the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

Summary of Net Position

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Assets	\$ 10,389,467	<u>\$ 11,825,693</u>	<u>\$ (1,436,226)</u>	-12%
Liabilities	671,500	1,351,329	<u>\$ (679,829)</u>	-50%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	-	923	(923)	-100%
Unrestricted - property held for sale	5,082,196	6,077,324	(995 <i>,</i> 128)	-16%
Unrestricted - available for operations	4,635,771	4,397,040	238,731	5%
	\$ 9,717,967	\$ 10,475,287	\$ (757,320)	-7%

The Land Bank's net position decreased approximately \$757,000 compared to 2020. Assets decreased due to grants receivable decreasing approximately \$714,000 from 2020 and property held for sale decreasing approximately \$1 million.

Accounts payable increased compared to 2020 due to the current year balance including amounts due to Albany County pursuant to Albany County Resolution 29 of 2019 for the current year of \$250,000 and \$350,000 relating to 2020. The Paycheck Protection Program loan outstanding at December 31, 2020 of approximately \$100,000 was forgiven during 2021. Unearned revenue also decreased by approximately \$750,000 due to the recognition of grant revenue during 2021.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

summary of changes in feet resident	<u>2021</u>	2020	\$ Change	% Change
Operating Revenue:				
Sale of properties	\$ 1,221,936	\$ 2,356,079	\$ (1,134,143)	-48%
Grants	986,940	1,218,190	(231,250)	-19%
Other income	 47,904	 154,272	 (106,368)	-69%
Total operating revenues	2,256,780	3,728,541	(1,471,761)	-39%
Operating Expenses	 4,821,641	 5,429,278	 (607,637)	-11%
Operating loss	 (2,564,861)	 (1,700,737)	 (864,124)	51%
Non-operating revenues:				
Forgiveness of debt	200,242	-	200,242	N/A
Interest	 1,049	 2,169	 (1,120)	-52%
Total operating revenues	 201,291	 2,169	 199,122	9180%
LOSS BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	(2,363,570)	(1,698,568)	(665,002)	39%
CONTRIBUTION - Donation of property for sale	 1,606,250	 1,883,535	 (277,285)	-15%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(757,320)	184,967	(942,287)	-509%
Net position - beginning of year	 10,475,287	 10,290,320	 184,967	2%
Net position - end of year	\$ 9,717,967	\$ 10,475,287	\$ (757,320)	-7%

The Land Bank's net position decreased \$757,320 this year. Much of this decrease is attributable to the combined effects of the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the governmental moratoriums which effectively ceased the transfer of new property inventory to the Land Bank. These factors are largely responsible for a reduction in sales of properties of approximately \$1.2 million and a decrease in fees and other revenues of approximately \$106,000. These revenue decreases were partially offset by a decrease in the cost of sales of approximately \$323,000 and nonoperating revenue related to forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program loans of approximately \$200,000 (Approximately \$100,000 that was outstanding at December 31, 2020 and an additional loan of approximately \$100,000 taken out during 2021). Contributions of donated property also decreased approximately \$277,000 compared to 2020. Although the Land Bank has been consistently reducing its reliance on state and local government grants, these economic impacts caused the Land Bank to increase its reliance on grants in 2021.

Economic Factors

The Community Revitalization Initiative grant funds that enabled the Land Bank to make the investments necessary to return vacant, abandoned or tax-foreclosed properties back to productive use have been fully depleted as of December 31, 2021 and no new funding sources have been identified. Until new funds are secured, the number of property acquisitions, stabilizations, demolitions, lot improvements, and building rehabilitations the Land Bank is able to accomplish will be significantly reduced compared to prior years and as will the total number of properties the Land Bank can return to productive use. The Land Bank is actively working to secure new funds to further its mission.

Contacting Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Land Bank's finances and to show the accountability for the money received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Albany County Land Bank Corporation's Executive Director at 69 State Street, 8th Floor, Albany, New York 12207.

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Property held for sale Prepaid expenses	\$ 5,043,875 250,000 5,082,196 13,396
Total assets	 10,389,467
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	664,331
Unearned revenue	 7,169
Total current liabilities	 671,500
Total liabilities	 671,500
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	-
Unrestricted - property held for sale	5,082,196
Unrestricted - available for operations	 4,635,771
Total net position	\$ 9,717,967

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the County of Albany, New York)

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position For the year ended December 31, 2021

OPERATING REVENUE:	
Sale of properties	\$ 1,221,936
Grant revenue - State of New York	736,940
Grant revenue - County of Albany	250,000
Other income	47,304
Fees and other revenues	600
Total operating revenue	2,256,780
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Cost of sales	2,552,200
Property maintenance and improvements	772,665
Salaries and benefits	548,603
Property tax recoveries paid to County	250,000
Property held for sale valuation adjustment	224,097
Insurance	185,543
Professional fees	192,719
Office and administrative	65,334
Property sale related	26,101
Travel	3,456
Depreciation	923
Total operating expenses	4,821,641
Operating loss	(2,564,861)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE:	
Forgiveness of debt - PPP Loan	200,242
Interest	1,049
Total non-operating revenue	201,291
LOSS BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	(2,363,570)
CONTRIBUTION - Donation of property for sale	1,606,250
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(757,320)
NET POSITION - beginning of year	10,475,287
NET POSITION - end of year	<u>\$ </u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from property sales Receipts from operating grants Receipts from other operating activities Payments to employees for salaries and benefits Payments to vendors for goods and services	\$ 1,015,046 950,685 47,904 (546,942) (1,471,463)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(4,770)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from PPP loan	100,342
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	100,342
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from interest earnings	1,049
Net cash flows from investing activities	1,049
Net change in cash	96,621
Cash, beginning of year	4,947,254
Cash, end of year	\$ 5,043,875
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities: Depreciation Cost of property sales/valuation adjustment (non-cash item) Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Grant receivable Property for re-sale Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ (2,564,861) 923 2,776,297 (206,890) 714,066 (174,919) 30,543 170,392 (750,321)
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>\$ (4,770)</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS: Donation of property held for sale Cost of property sold not acquired with cash Forgiveness of debt - PPP loan	\$ 1,606,250 \$ 2,776,297 \$ 200,242

For the year ended December 31, 2021

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Organization

Albany County Land Bank Corporation (Land Bank) was formed July 1, 2014, and is governed by its articles of incorporation, bylaws and the laws of the State of New York. The Land Bank was established to facilitate the process of acquiring, improving and redistributing vacant and abandoned properties in the County of Albany (County). The Land Bank's board of directors is comprised of individuals appointed by the County. The Land Bank is considered a component unit of the County.

In May 2018, the Land Bank formed a single member New York limited liability corporation, ACLB Holdings, LLC (ACLB). ACLB was formed pursuant to the authority granted to Land Banks in Section 1607 of the New York State Not-For-Profit Law in order to mitigate potential risk and loss to the Land Bank related to certain properties which may be provided by the County or purchased. ACLB is considered to be a blended component unit of the Land Bank. The Land Bank acquired 89 parcels during the year-ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Presentation

The basic financial statements of the Land Bank have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the primary standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Land Bank operates as a proprietary fund and utilizes an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Fund equity is classified as net position.

The Land Bank utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or an economic asset is used.

Cash

Custodial credit risk related to cash deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the Land Bank's investment policy, all deposits of the Land Bank including certificates of deposit and special time deposits, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIA) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to the aggregate amount of deposits.

The Land Bank had bank balances of \$4,986,417 at December 31, 2021 of which \$507,169 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). At December 31, 2021, the remaining bank balance was collateralized with securities held in the Land Bank's name.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent payments made by the Land Bank for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported in the statement of net position as an asset using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

Property Held for Sale

The Land Bank primarily acquires its property held for sale from the County for the purpose of improving those properties and returning them to productive use on the tax rolls. These properties are recorded at one half the assessed value at the time of donation which management believes approximates acquisition cost. Depending on the condition of the property at the time of donation, certain capital costs may be required to improve that property and are added to the value of the property held for sale.

Property held for sale consists primarily of vacant, abandoned or tax foreclosed property donated to the Land Bank by Albany County. Property held for sale is valued at the lower of acquisition value or estimated market value. Market value is defined as estimated sales price based upon information available. Costs of property held for sale include acquisition value, renovation costs and other costs that enhance the property's market value.

Capital Assets, Net

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated acquisition cost at the time received. the Land Bank capitalizes furniture and equipment with cost of greater than \$1,000 and depreciation those assets on a straight-line basis generally over 5 years.

Net Position Classifications

In the financial statements, there are three possible classifications of net position:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt, if any, that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position is the net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions at December 31, 2020. The Land Bank did not have restricted net position as of December 31, 2021.

The unrestricted component of net position is net investment of capital assets and all other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted.

The Land Bank's policy is to first utilize available restricted, and then unrestricted resources in the conduct of its operations.

Classification of Revenue and Expense

Operating revenues are those that result from the provision of services related to the Land Bank's principal purposes, and are generally associated with exchange transactions. Nonoperating revenues result from activities that are not directly related to the Land Bank's principle purposes, but that exist in order to support them, and generally consist of nonexchange transactions. Other additions arise from nonexchange transactions which provide for the value of donated properties and resources for related capital improvements and are non-exchange transactions.

Grant Revenue – County of Albany

The Land Bank received a \$250,000 grant from the County for administrative costs for the period ended December 31, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Grant Revenue – State of New York

The Land Bank was awarded two grants from the New York State Office of the Attorney General for the period January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021 totaling \$2,000,000 and received a grant amendment of \$425,000 during the 2020 fiscal year. The grants are to be used to make capital improvement to acquired properties, property maintenance and other operating expenses related to the acquired properties.

The grants are received on a quarterly basis based on the estimated needs for the upcoming quarter specifically related to the properties and includes adjustments for unspent funds from previous quarters.

Funds received in advance of disbursement are recognized as unearned grant revenue and disbursements exceeding amounts received are recognized as due from New York State.

Income Taxes

The Land Bank is a not-for-profit local development corporation under Article 16 of New York State not-for-profit corporation law and is exempt from federal income taxes and New York State taxes. Accordingly, no income tax provision has been made.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of depreciation using useful lives of assets and the fair value of donated property.

2. PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE

The Land Bank's activity related to property held for sale during fiscal year ending December 31, 2020 is as follows:

alance at anuary 1, <u>2021</u>	Donated Property <u>Acquisitions</u>	Purchased Property <u>Acquisitions</u>	Capital <u>Improvements</u>	Cost of Property <u>Sales</u>	Donated Property <u>Revaluation</u>	Balance at December 31, <u>2021</u>
\$ 6,077,324	1,606,250	-	174,919	(2,552,200)	(224,097)	\$ 5,082,196

The Land Bank acquired 89 parcels of property during the year, donated at acquisition value. The Land Bank sold 188 parcels of property in the fiscal year 2021. The 188 parcels of property were sold for total consideration of \$1,221,936 resulting in a loss on disposition of those properties of \$1,554,361.

3. CONCENTRATIONS

The Land Bank received 40% of its operating revenue from state and local government grants for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Land Bank is subject to various lawsuits and claims. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a significant effect on the Land Bank's financial position.

The Land Bank participates in grant programs. These programs could be subject to financial and compliance audits and may be conducted in accordance with grantor requirements on a periodic basis. The amounts, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the Land Bank believes, based upon its review of current activity, the amount of such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

The Land Bank entered into a lease agreement for office space in November of 2016. The original lease has been renewed three times. The current lease agreement is for the period July 1, 2021 - November 30, 2022 and provides for monthly payment of \$1,704. The lease agreement also provides for additional rent equal to the Land Bank's pro-rata share of the building's tax, operating and maintenance payments. Rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$26,424.

5. REVENUE SHARING

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Land Bank has recorded \$250,000 revenue sharing with Albany County calculated in accordance with the applicability criteria set forth in Albany County Resolution No. 453 of 2015 for real property transferred to the Albany County Land Bank Corporation from Albany County that was sold by the Albany County Land Bank Corporation between the period of January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021. Final amount owed is subject to change and approval by the Albany County Legislature.

6. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

As of the date of this report, the United States and the area served by the Land Bank continues to be affected by a national health emergency related to a virus, commonly known as novel coronavirus (COVID-19). During 2020, the NYS Governor put the economy "on pause" in an effort to combat the spread of COVID-19. As a result, many businesses were closed, or their operations were severely curtailed. It is difficult at this time to predict with certainty the full effect this impact may have on future operations to the Land Bank.

7. PPP LOANS

In April 2020, the Land Bank entered into a promissory note payable (direct borrowing) to M&T Bank in the amount of \$99,900. The note was entered into by the Land Bank as part of the U.S. Small Business Administration's Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. The note has a "covered period" which ends on the first of 24 weeks after disbursement or December 31, 2020. The note also has a "deferral period" which ends on the date that is 7 months after the loan term. The loan matures 2 years from the date of this Note and bears interest at 1% per year. The loan may be repaid at anytime without penalty. During fiscal year 2021, this loan was forgiven and the \$99,900 balance was recognized as non-operating revenue.

In March 2021, the Land Bank entered into a promissory note payable (direct borrowing) to M&T Bank in the amount of \$100,342. The note was entered into by the Land Bank as part of the U.S. Small Business Administration's Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. The note has a "deferral period" which ends on the date that is 16 months after the funds are disbursed. The loan matures 5 years from the date of this Note and bears interest at 1% per year. The loan may be repaid at anytime without penalty. During fiscal year 2021, this loan was forgiven and the \$100,342 balance was recognized as non-operating revenue.

Balance at January 1,		Due within			
2021	Additions	Deletions	2021		one year
\$ 99,900	100,342	200,242	\$	-	-

Bonadio & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 15, 2022

To the Board of Directors of Albany County Land Bank Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Albany County Land Bank Corporation (Land Bank), a component unit of the County of Albany, New York as of and for the year-ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Land Bank's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Land Bank's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Land Bank's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Land Bank's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Land Bank's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.